HAB MONITORING REPORT

From: 11/5/2018 To: 11/5/2018

Fish and Wildlife Research Institute



HAB ID	Location	County	Lat/Lon	Time	Depth	Temp	Sal	DO	рН	Species	cells/liter
Original ID			(DD.dddd)	(m)	(C)	(ppt)	(mg/L))		
Sample Date											
HABW181106-084 FDEP CHV009 11/5/2018	Burnt Store Marina (Charlotte Harbor)	Lee	26.7614 -82.0611	06:38	0.5	24.60	27.95	3.46	7.58		
Comments: Par	nkar, S. on 11/7/2018 tly cloudy; SE wind at 4-7 mph; Air temp. 22.7C; going tide; Light brown water color									Karenia brevis Pseudo-nitzschia spp. Pyrodinium bahamense	0 42,333 0

Collected by: Staff Collecting agency: FDEP

Sample condition: Preserved

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From: 11/5/2018 To: 11/5/2018

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Collecting agency: EBAP

Collected by: Staff

Sample condition: Preserved

HAB ID Original ID Sample Date	Location	County	Lat/Lon (DD.dddd	Time I)	Depth (m)	Temp (C)	Sal (ppt)	DO (mg/L	pH)	Species	cells/liter
HABW181106-070 FDEP EBV001 11/5/2018	Matanzas Pass (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.4577 -81.9532	06:12	0.5	25.10	31.79	4.40	7.75		
	Henschen, K. on 11/7/2018 E wind at 4-7 mph; Partly cloudy; Air temp. 21.5C; Ir tide; Secchi depth 2.05 m, Green brown water color	coming								Karenia brevis Pseudo-nitzschia spp. Pyrodinium bahamense	0 7,333 0
HABW181106-075 FDEP EBV003 11/5/2018	Estero River; mouth of (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.4294 -81.8580	07:40	0.5	24.60	27.99	3.09	7.94		
	Hoeglund, A. on 11/7/2018 Partly cloudy; Wind 2-3 mph; Air temp. 21.7C; Incom Secchi depth 0.60m; Yellow brown water color	ing tide;								Karenia brevis Pseudo-nitzschia spp. Pyrodinium bahamense	0 0 0
HABW181106-078 FDEP EBV004 11/5/2018	Carl Johnson Park Boat Ramp (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.3936 -81.8655	06:01	0.5	24.80	33.71	2.57	7.87		
	Lopez, C. on 11/7/2018 Sunny; NE wind at 5 mph; Air temp. 22.1C; Low slack Secchi depth 1.15m; Green brown water	< tide;								Karenia brevis Pseudo-nitzschia spp. Pyrodinium bahamense	333 2,333 0
HABW181106-080 FDEP EBV005 11/5/2018	Pelican Bay Nature Park Pier (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.3584 -81.8375	06:48	0.5	24.40	29.77	3.43	7.81		
	Shankar, S. on 11/7/2018 Partly cloudy; NE wind at 2-3 mph; 0.57 in. of rain in 24hr; Air temp. 24.3C; Low slack tide; Secchi depth C Yellow-green water color									Karenia brevis Pseudo-nitzschia spp. Pyrodinium bahamense	0 6,000 0
HABW181106-081 FDEP EBV006 11/5/2018	Coon Key; N of (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.4287 -81.8832	06:51	0.5	24.60	31.06	4.73	7.95		
Analyzed by:	Shankar, S. on 11/7/2018 Partly cloudy; SE wind at 6 mph; Air temp. 21.7C; Ind tide; Green-brown water color	coming								Karenia brevis Pseudo-nitzschia spp. Pyrodinium bahamense	0 4,000 0



HAB ID	Location	County	Lat/Lon	Time	Depth	Temp	Sal	DO	рН	Species	cells/liter
Original ID			(DD.dddd)	(m)	(C)	(ppt)	(mg/L)			
Sample Date											
HABW181106-082 FDEP EBV007 11/5/2018	Mound House Dock (Estero Bay)	Lee	26.4462 -81.9272	07:50	0.5	25.00	31.90	4.05	7.77		
	Shankar, S. on 11/7/2018 Partly cloudy; NE wind at 4-7mph; Air temp. 21.9C, tide; Green water color	; Incoming								Karenia brevis Pseudo-nitzschia spp. Pyrodinium bahamense	0 9,667 0
HABW181106-083 FDEP EBERS2 11/5/2018	Estero River; upstream	Lee	26.4386 -81.8400	07:10	0.5	25.00	11.56	3.18	7.33		
Comments:	Shankar, S. on 11/7/2018 Partly cloudy; E wind at 0-1 mph; 1.75 in. of rain ir hours; Air temp. 22.5C; Secchi depth 1.6m; Green- water color									Karenia brevis Pseudo-nitzschia spp. Pyrodinium bahamense	0 0 0

Description	Karenia brevis abundance	Possible effects (<i>Karenia brevis</i> only)
NOT PRESENT - BACKGROUND	0 - 1,000 cells/L	no effects anticipated
VERY LOW	> 1,000 - 10,000 cells/L	possible respiratory irritation; shellfish harvesting closures ≥ 5,000 cells/L
LOW	> 10,000 - 100,000 cells/L	respiratory irritation; possible fish kills; probable detection of surface chlorophyll by satellites at upper range of cell abundance
MEDIUM	> 100,000 - 1,000,000 cells/L	respiratory irritation; probable fish kills; detection of surface chlorophyll by satellites
нідн	> 1,000,000 cells/L	as above, plus water discoloration

The above report is distributed by the Harmful Algal Bloom (HAB) Group at the Fish and Wildlife Research Institute of the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. The report is intended to (1) provide timely information on HABs in Florida waters to partner agencies and (2) facilitate communication among individuals who direct response activities to address public health concerns. We report on the abundance of *Karenia brevis*, *Pyrodinium bahamense* and *Pseudonitzschia* species. *Karenia brevis*, the Florida red tide organism, produces neurotoxins called brevetoxins that can kill fish and other marine life. Brevetoxins may cause respiratory irritation in beachgoers and Neurotoxic Shellfish Poisoning in humans that consume contaminated shellfish. *Pyrodinium bahamense* produces saxitoxins that can cause Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning or Saxitoxin Puffer Fish Poisoning in humans if contaminated shellfish or puffer fish are consumed. Some, but not all, species of *Pseudo-nitzschia* produce domoic acid, which can cause Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning in humans if contaminated shellfish are consumed. Blooms of *Pseudo-nitzschia* spp. (≥ 1,000,000 cells/L) frequently occur in Florida's marine and estuarine waters. For information on red tide related human health issues, please refer to the <u>Department of Health Aquatic Toxins Program</u>.

State-wide status reports of Karenia brevis abundance including interactive Google Maps are provided weekly by our group. Shellfish harvesting area status maps are provided by the Division of Aquaculture. Gulf Coast beach conditions can be found at Mote Marine Laboratory's Beach Conditions Report. A full list of red tide related hotlines and information sources can be found here. Data for other species can be requested at any time by sending an inquiry to HABData@MyFWC.com. To learn more about HAB monitoring and research in Florida, please visit MyFWC.com/RedTide and Facebook.com/FLHABs.

DISCLAIMER: While every practical step has been taken to provide accurate information in these reports, the need for rapid distribution precludes extensive review. Further, reports are generated with limited interpretation and do not necessarily reflect all scientific observations.

Karenia brevis (cells/liter)

not present/background (0-1,000) very low (>1,000-10,000) ow (>10,000-100,000) medium (>100,000-1,000,000)

high (>1,000,000)

FISH AND

ATION CON

Matanzas Pass

Mound House Dock

Lee

Burnt Store Marina

Coon Key, N of

Estero River, upstream Estero River; mouth of

Carl Johnson Park Boat Ramp

Google⁻earth

Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO mage @ 2018 TerraMetrics

Pelican Bay Nature Park Pier